# Traci E. Holstein Wendell C. Karcher Farmer to Farmer Aquaculture Niche Volunteers Aquaculture without Frontiers Biofloc Workshop and Farmer Training Tabasco, Mexico September 4-11, 2010

We departed from Shrimp Improvement Systems in the Florida Keys early on Sept 4 to fly out of Miami International onward to Houston, Mexico City and into Villahermosa, Tabasco that night. We were met by Rafael Martinez Garcia from Universidad Juarez Autonoma de Tabasco (UJAT) and the University of Arizona. UJAT, as the host organization, provided lodging for us at the Cencali Best Western Hotel near the campus. On Sunday Sept 5, we finalized presentations and discussed workshop plans with Rafael and with Dr. Wilfrido Contreras.

Starting on Sept 6 and for four days, Wendell and I met with approximately 20-40 participants in a classroom setting at the UJAT. We had a wide range of people attend, including farmers, hatchery staff, professors, and students. The following pages include a simple outline / agenda of the topics discussed. The attendees were especially interested in system construction, including aeration, and C:N ratios that are required to maintain the proper biofloc. We feel that bioflocs may be appropriate for aquaculture production in regions where high protein diets may be prohibitively expensive, but power for aeration is subsidized and reliable. Bioflocs, a mixture of nitrifying, autotrophic and heterotrophic bacteria along with several kinds of algae, have been shown to be very nutritious for several kinds of filter feeding juvenile fish and crustaceans. As in an activated sludge treatment system, the critical need is to keep the flocs in motion and under aerobic conditions. If water motion ceases and/or if air or oxygen injection cease, the flocs will consume all available oxygen, settle to the bottom of the rearing unit, and become anaerobic. This will quickly starve larger organisms of available dissolved oxygen in the water column.

The four days of workshop covered the biofloc technology in detail along with all of the attendant management that must be implemented to assure survival in the event of power loss. Unfortunately, we were not able to follow our original agenda to visit any tilapia farms or shrimp hatcheries due to the heavy flooding the area had been experiencing. The workshop attendees nevertheless reported that they appreciated the presentations and several were going to attempt to construct small scale biofloc units to evaluate the techniques themselves.





Demonstration of biofloc production

Classroom instruction



Wendell and Traci with bioflocs



Reviewing floc usage with farmers



Awarding certificates to the farmers and extension agents in attendance

Sept 10 was used for reviewing results with the UJAT faculty and to visit a few of the locations in Villahermosa that were not flooded. We returned to Florida on Sept 11 with a minor snafu in Mexico City that caused our suitcases to be lost for a day, but eventually returned to us in the Keys.

### Day ONE:

Introduction to Biofloc Technology

History

Why floc technology is needed.

Sustainable aquaculture

Aquaculture environmental impacts

### Microbial Processes

Algae

Heterotrophs

Autotrophic bacteria and nitrification

Heterotrophic VS autotrophic dominance

Reaching a steady state

### Day TWO:

### Nitrogen Issues

Feeding

Monitoring water quality

Management techniques

BFT as a means to help water quality issues

C:N ratios for good BFT

### Feeding with Bioflocs

Cost efficiency

PCR and FCR

Protein usage

Nutritive value of floc

Probiotic effect

### Day THREE:

### Aeration

Oxygen demand

Oxygen facts

Sludge issues

Different types of aerators

Placement of aerators

# Pond management and construction

Starting a pond

Floc succession

Commercial nitrifiers

**Probiotics** 

Feed

Daily and weekly monitoring needs

Construction

## Day FOUR:

### Disease and biosecurity

Population issues

Water exchange

Probiotic effects

Biosecurity measures

# Sustainable aquaculture

Future needs regarding aquaculture

How BFT can help

Past issues

Water use

Feed components

Sludge disposal

Lista de asistencia al taller de Entrenamiento sobre bioflocs en Acuacultura:

- 1. Isidro López Ramos
- 2. Beatriz Adriana Hernández Vera
- 3. Anahí Cachón Camacho
- 4. Luis Arturo Dorantes López
- 5. Salvador Zapata Méndez
- 6. Mario Alberto Campos De León
- 7. Haram Fabiola Hernández López
- 8. María de Jesús Contreras García
- 9. Estuardo González Arévalo
- 10. Luis Domínguez Trejo
- 11. Rafael Angulo Pineda
- 12. Gabriel Márquez Couturier
- 13. Luis Felipe Anzaldo
- 14. Rosa Aurora Pérez Pérez
- 15. Moisés González Valencia
- 16. María del Carmen De la Cruz Ábalos
- 17. José María Pascual Patricio
- 18. Benjamín Eduardo Medina Sánchez
- 19. Mónica Alejandra de la Cruz Ábalos
- 20. Julián Sánchez Álvarez
- 21. Lucero Vázquez Cruz
- 22. Ulises Hernández Vidal
- 23. Sergio Hernández García
- 24. Luis Manuel Gómez Días Durán
- 25. José Bernat Rodríguez
- 26. María Fernanda Cifuentes Alonso
- 27. Norma Alejandra Pliego Mijares
- 28. Rosa Aurora Pérez Pérez
- 29. Cynthia María Castellanos Vidal
- 30. Alejandro Salvador de la Cruz
- 31. Aurora Oseguera Cruz
- 32. Nabor Hernández Hernández
- 33. Federico Vladimir Aquilar Téllez
- 34. Raquel Hernández Jiménez
- 35. Ramón Enríquez García Hernández
- 36. Lorenzo Gerónimo García
- 37. Benigno García Hernández
- 38. Karen Lisbeth Hernández Pérez
- 39. Francisco Montejo Velázquez
- 40. Xchel Aurora Pérez Palafox
- 41. Héctor Daniel Pérez Gómez